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Map Collection #42: Bureau of American Ethnology

1. The Southeastern Part of the United States from the Mitchell Map of 1755. Measures 19 1/2" x 16", black and white, featuring North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia; parts of northern Florida, eastern Arkansas, and eastern Louisiana. Locations of Indian nations are shown as are major waterways, roads, and mountains. Minor historical notes of area events are written inside the map. Bureau of American Ethnology, Bulletin 73, Plate 6. Drawer 8643
2. The Chickasaw Country in 1796 - 1800 from G.H.V. Collot map. Measures 10" x 9 1/4", black and white, featuring waterways and villages. Bureau of American Ethnology, Bulletin 73, Plate 10. Drawer 8643
3. Map of the Territory of the United States from the Mississippi River to the Pacific Ocean. Ordered by Jefferson Davis, Secretary of War to accompany the Reports of the Explorations for a Railroad Route. Includes mountains, waterways, lakes, railroads, towns and territory, state and country boundaries, as well as areas inhabited by Indian tribes. Map is 49" x 47", black and white, circa 1857 and is divided into two parts. From Bureau of American Ethnology Bulletin. Drawer 8502
4. Indian Tribes in the Southeastern United States. Compiled by J. R. Swanton, 1919. Shows the relocated Creek, Choctaw, and Chickasaw Indians in Indian Territory and other tribal groups such as Siouan, Algonquian, and Caddoan. Many rivers are detailed and many small tribes are listed. Later settlements of Creeks and Seminoles in Florida are printed in red. Bureau of American Ethnology Map, Bulletin 73, Plate 1. Measures 23" x 18" and is black and white. Drawer 8502
5. Territory of the States of Georgia and Alabama illustrating the Geographical Distribution and Movements of the Tribes and Towns of the Creek Confederacy. Compiled by J. R. Swanton, 1919. Bureau of American Ethnology Map, Bulletin 73, Plate 2. Measures 23" x 18" and is black and white. Drawer 8502
6. The Distribution of Indian Tribes in the Southeast about 1715. Map redrawn from a blueprint of the original among the British Archives. Shows southern Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, parts of Florida, and the Bahamas. Points of interest include waterways, capes, bays, trails, settlements, forts, villages, and salt springs. Some tribal villages give a count of people residing there and also have different spellings. Bureau of American Ethnology Map, Bulletin 73, Plate 3. Measures 23" x 18" and is black and white. Drawer 8502
7. The Southeastern Part of the Present United States from the Popple Map of 1733. Louisiana, Florida, Georgia and South Carolina are the only states labeled. Rivers are

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named along with numerous towns and some tribal locations. Mountains are nicely illustrated as are groupings of trees. Bureau of American Ethnology, Bulletin 73, Plate 4. Measures 18" x 14-1/2" and is black and white. Drawer 8643

8. The Territory Between the Chattahoochee and Mississippi Rivers. Compiled by Baron De Crenay, commandant of the Post of Mobile, in March, 1733. It was reproduced from the original in the French Archives for Peter J. Hamilton who published it in the 2nd edition of his "Colonial Mobile." Cities, waterways, villages, and trails are included and everything is written in French. Bureau of American Ethnology, Bulletin 73, Plate 5. Measures 17" x 12-1/2" and is black and white. Drawer 8643
9. Part of the Purcell map compiled not later than 1770 in the interest of British Indian Trade by John Stuart, Supt. of Indian Affairs. Map is separated into four sections by dashed lines. Each section is a close up of either the Chickasaw, Choctaw, Cherokee, or Creek Nations. Each of the sections shows rivers, forts, camps, and many villages denoted by a number. Village names are listed by number in a legend under each nation's name. Bureau of American Ethnology, Bulletin 73, Plate 7. Measures 20-1/4" x 15" and is black and white. Drawer 8643
10. Part of the Melish Map of 1814, covering the seat of war between the Creek Indians and the Americans in 1813-14. Area covered is of eastern Mississippi and western Georgia, and land of the Upper Creeks. Rivers, forts, and towns are shown as well as routes taken by Gen. Cock and Gen. Jackson and their armies. Bureau of American Ethnology, Bulletin 73, Plate 8. Measures 7-1/2" x 9-1/2" and is black and white. Drawer 8643
11. Towns of the Creek Confederacy as Shown on the Early Map of Georgia, 1818. Many rivers and smaller tributaries are labeled with some English and some Creek names for them. A few forts and towns are given as are areas where Indian claim has been extinguished. Seminole lands and the Gulf of Mexico are also labeled. Bureau of American Ethnology, Bulletin 73, Plate 9. Measures 21-1/2" x 27" and is black and white. Drawer 8502